

Name:

School:



WINCHESTER
COLLEGE

Entrance Examination

Latin

Specimen paper (first examination 2021)

Total time allowed: 1 hour

No dictionaries allowed

A good mark in Sections A and B will be sufficient to gain a pass in this paper, but all questions should be attempted.

Please start each section of the examination on a new sheet of paper.

SECTION A

On alternate lines WRITE OUT A TRANSLATION of this passage.

Hercules saves a maiden in distress.

Neptunus regem Troianorum non amabat et, quod eum punire cupiebat, monstrum saevissimum e mari misit. ubi rex monstrum vidit, perterritus erat. “quid faciam?” inquit. “nonne monstrum urbem meam delebit?” itaque filiam suam monstro sacrificare constituit et eam ad mare duxit. puella haec verba tristissima dicebat: “noli me hic relinquere, pater. monstrum iam appropinquat. serva me.” pater autem verba filiae non audiebat. subito autem Hercules advenit. puellam prope undas maris conspexit. “noli timere, puella,” inquit. “nam te defendam et monstrum statim necabo.” una sagitta sola Hercules monstrum occidit. rex laetissimus erat. “tu filiam meam servavisti,” inquit. “ego tibi equos meos pulcherrimos dabo.” deinde autem furor regem superavit. “illos equos non dabo,” inquit. “e terra mea sine mora abi.” Hercules iratus erat. urbem oppugnavit et regem necavit.

Neptunus, -i 2m: Neptune

Troianus, -i 2m: Trojan

monstrum, -i 2n: monster

sacrifico (1): I sacrifice

relinquo (3): I leave

Hercules, -is 3m: Hercules

furor, -is 3m: madness

abeo, -ire, -ii, -itum: I go away

[33%]

SECTION B

Take a new sheet of paper

Answer the following questions, which are based on the passage in Section A.

1. Give the following grammatical forms:
 - a. the genitive singular of **regem, puella, verba, equos**.
 - b. the first pers. sing. pres. indic. act of **punire, duxit, conspexit, dabo**.
 - c. the accusative singular neuter of **eum, haec, illos**.

2. Give an example from the passage of:
 - a. a superlative adjective
 - b. a preposition with the ablative
 - c. an imperative
 - d. a present infinitive

3. Give English words wholly or partly derived from:

urbem, constituit, cives

4. Translate the following into Latin. The vocabulary is in the passage found in Section A..
 - a. They are leading the horse to the city.
 - b. I shall not hear the words of the girls.
 - c. They have attacked the fierce king with arrows.

[33%]

SECTION C

Take a new sheet of paper.

On alternate lines translate this passage into English.

Ajax, a Greek warrior, defends the Greek ships from a Trojan attack.

Achilles erat optimus omnium Graecorum, sed Ajax quoque miles audacissimus erat. olim Achilles pugnare nolebat, et in tabernaculo suo manere constituerat. itaque plurimi Troiani ad castra Graecorum ruebant. Graeci fortiter pugnabant, sed superabantur. Ajax Troianos tandem navibus Graecis appropinquantes vidit, et hastam ingentem, quae prope posita erat, corripuit. deinde in nave stetit ut amicos defenderet. Troiani ducem Graecum telis oppugnabant, sed ille magna voce clamavit, “muros non habemus, Troiani, sed arma et milites. virtus nostra numquam vincetur. redite igitur in urbem vestram, in qua rex vester perterritus se celat!” Troiani, ubi haec audiverunt, quamquam iratissimi erant, non Aiacem interficere poterant. nam Graecis persuaserat ut naves defenderent, et tandem Troiani e castris pulsi sunt. Achilles autem periculo amicorum non movebatur. nonne vir crudelissimus erat?

Achilles, -is, 3m: Achilles

Ajax, -acis, 3m: Ajax

tabernaculum, -i, 2n: tent

Troianus, -i, 2m: Trojan

corripio, corripere, corripui, correptum:

I snatch up

celo (1): I hide

[33%]

END OF EXAMINATION